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DELEGATE TO THE TOP

Abusing Kerberos for Arbitrary Impersonations and RCE

Matan Hart

@machosec

me@matanhart.com

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“You can delegate authority, but you cannot delegate responsibility.”

Byron Dorgan

THE FACT

Delegation is risky

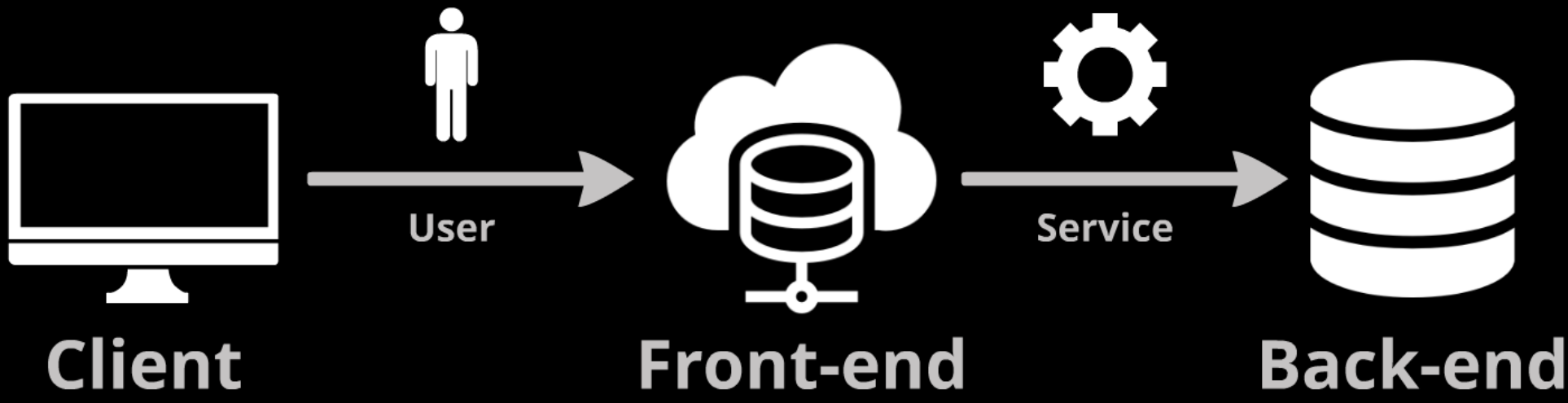
WHO AM I

- Security Researcher @ CyberArk
- IAF and IDF veteran
- Focus on Kerberos and Active Directory
- <3 PowerShell
- <333 Mr. Robot

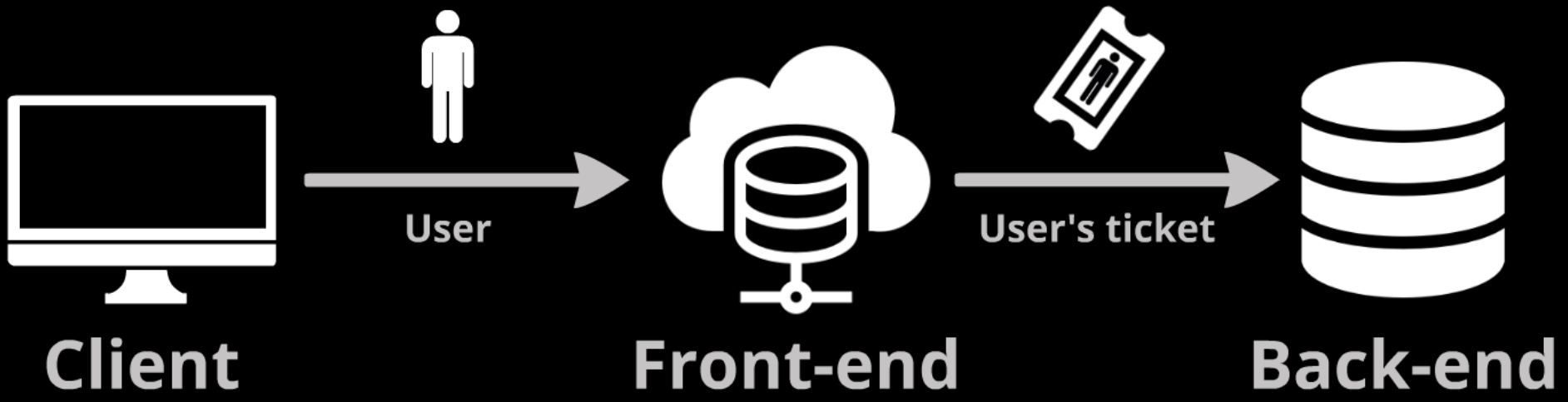
AGENDA

- Kerberos Delegation, flavors and limitations
- Service Principal Names
- Attack Surface
- Tool and Demo
- Detection and Mitigation

THE "DOUBLE-HOP" PROBLEM



KERBEROS DELEGATION



UNCONSTRAINED DELEGATION

Full delegation by TGT forwarding

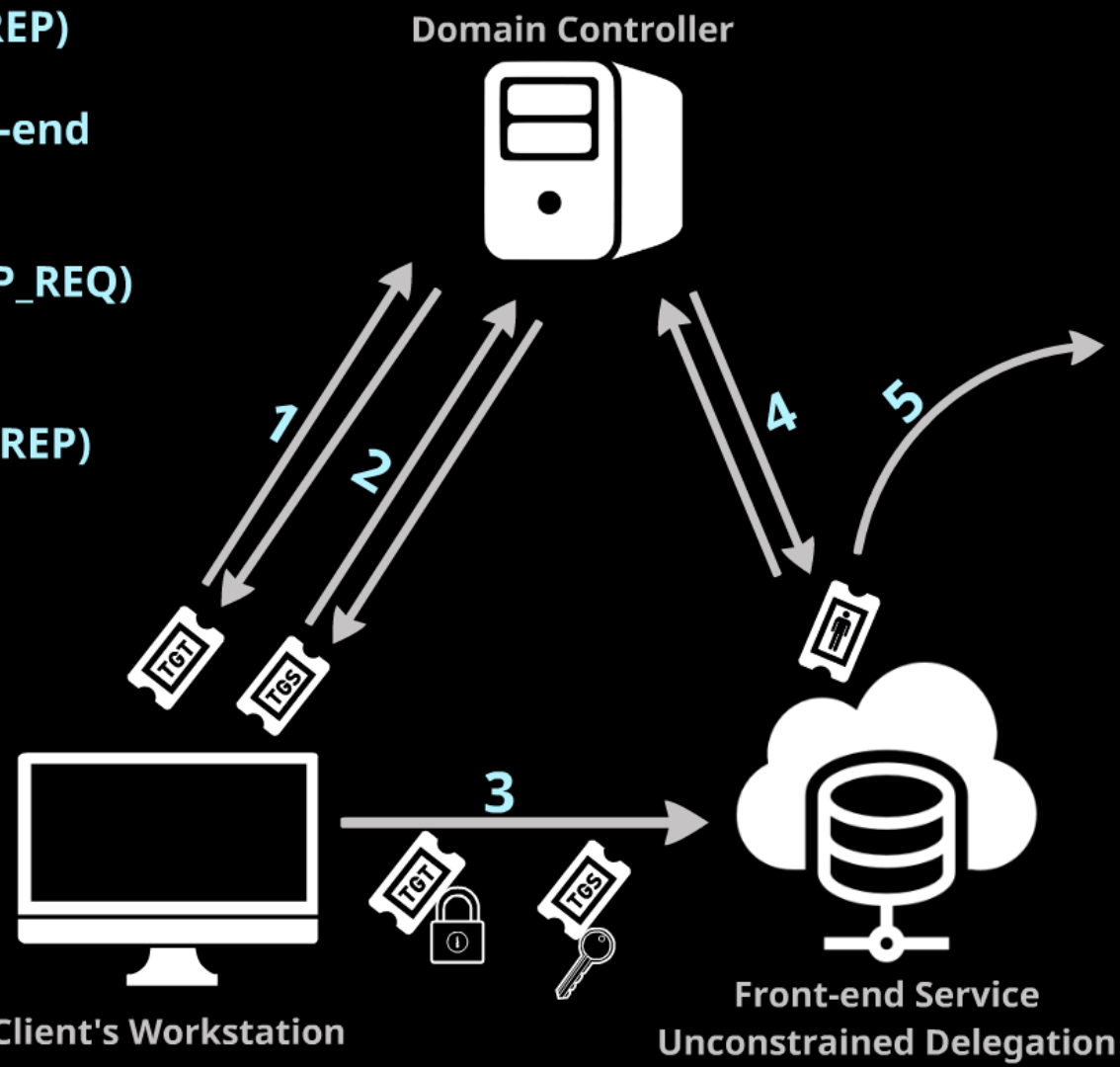
Windows 2000

User authenticates and requests to delegate access to a service

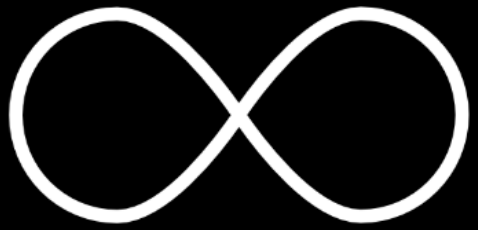
KDC checks if the service is trusted for delegation and issues a forwarded TGT

Service gets the forwarded TGT from the user and acts on his behalf

1. User obtains a forwarded TGT (TGS_REQ/REP)
2. User obtains a service ticket for the front-end service (TGS_REQ/REP)
3. User makes a request to the front-end (AP_REQ)
4. Front-end obtains a service ticket for the back-end on behalf of the user (TGS_REQ/REP)
5. Front-end makes a request to back-end, acting as the user (AP_REQ)

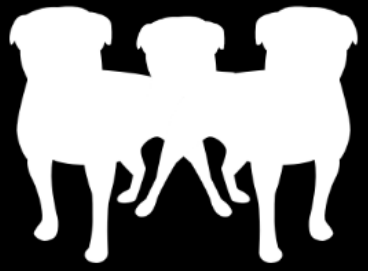


LIMITATIONS



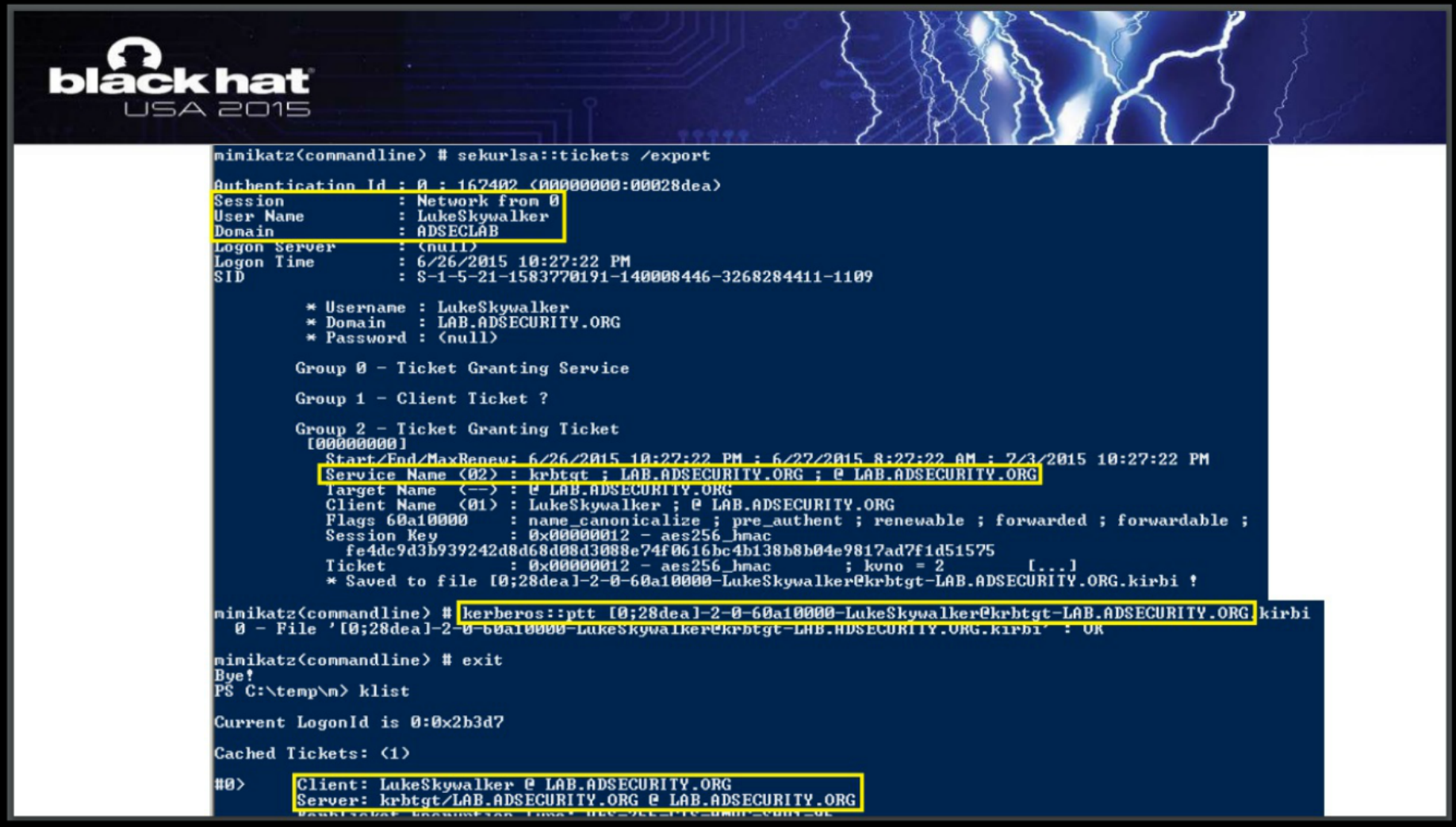
Unlimited access

Services are exposed to broader impersonation risks



Kerberos only

No support for other authentication protocols


black hat
USA 2015
mimikatz(commandline) # sekurlsa::tickets /export
Authentication Id : 0 ; 162402 (00000000:00028dea)
Session : Network from 0
User Name : LukeSkywalker
Domain : ADSECLAB
Logon Server : (null)
Logon Time : 6/26/2015 10:27:22 PM
SID : S-1-5-21-1583770191-140008446-3268284411-1109
* Username : LukeSkywalker
* Domain : LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
* Password : (null)
Group 0 - Ticket Granting Service
Group 1 - Client Ticket ?
Group 2 - Ticket Granting Ticket
[00000000]
Start/End/MaxRenew: 6/26/2015 10:27:22 PM ; 6/27/2015 8:27:22 AM ; 7/3/2015 10:27:22 PM
Service Name (02) : krbtgt ; LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG ; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Target Name (--) : @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Client Name (01) : LukeSkywalker ; @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Flags 60a10000 : name_canonicalize ; pre_authent ; renewable ; forwarded ; forwardable ;
Session Key : 0x00000012 - aes256_hmac
fe4dc9d3b939242d8d68d08d3088e74f0616bc4b138b8b04e9817ad7f1d51575
Ticket : 0x00000012 - aes256_hmac ; kvno = 2 [...]
* Saved to file [0;28dea]-2-0-60a10000-LukeSkywalker@krbtgt-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi !
mimikatz(commandline) # kerberos::ptt [0;28dea]-2-0-60a10000-LukeSkywalker@krbtgt-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi
0 - File '[0;28dea]-2-0-60a10000-LukeSkywalker@krbtgt-LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG.kirbi' : OK
mimikatz(commandline) # exit
Bye!
PS C:\temp\m> klist
Current LogonId is 0:0x2b3d7
Cached Tickets: (1)
#0> Client: LukeSkywalker @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG
Server: krbtgt/LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG @ LAB.ADSECURITY.ORG

"Nobody is going to delegate a lot of power to a secretary that they can't control."

Michael Bloomberg

CONSTRAINED DELEGATION

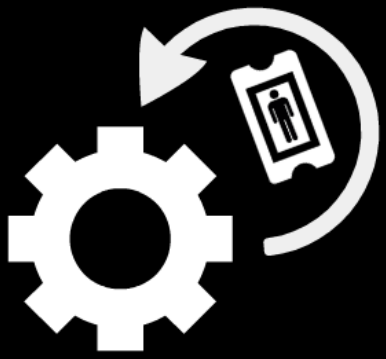
Service-for-User delegation

Windows 2003

S4U EXTENSIONS

S4U2Proxy

Allows a service to obtain a service ticket on behalf of a user to a different service



S4U2Self

Allows a service to obtain a service ticket to itself in the name of a different user

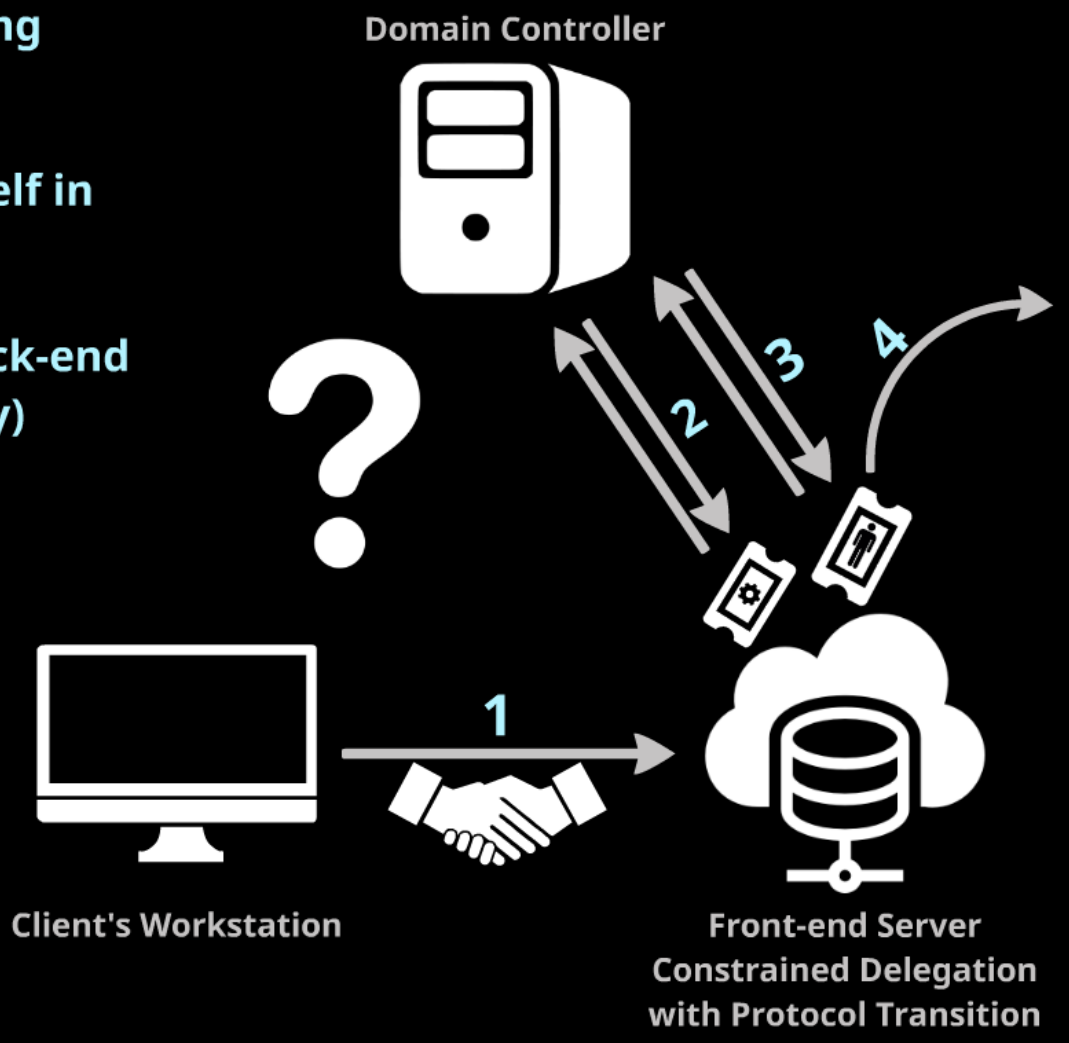
Restricts the services that can be accessed by impersonation

TGTs are not forwarded to the front-end

Support protocol transitioning

Limited to a single domain

1. User authenticates to the front-end using non-Kerberos authentication
2. Front-end obtains a service ticket to itself in the named user (S4U2Self)
3. Front-end obtains a service ticket to back-end on behalf of the named user (S4U2Proxy)
4. Front-end makes a request to back-end, acting as the user (AP_REQ)



"S4U allows a service to obtain a Kerberos service ticket for a user that has not authenticated to the KDC"

"S4U2Self allows you to obtain a Windows token for the client by supplying a UPN without a password."

[MS-SFU] - Kerberos Protocol Extensions: Service for User and Constrained Delegation Protocol
https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc246071.aspx

How To: Use Protocol Transition and Constrained Delegation in ASP.NET 2.0
https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff649317.aspx

Which means it’s not going to be changed soon..

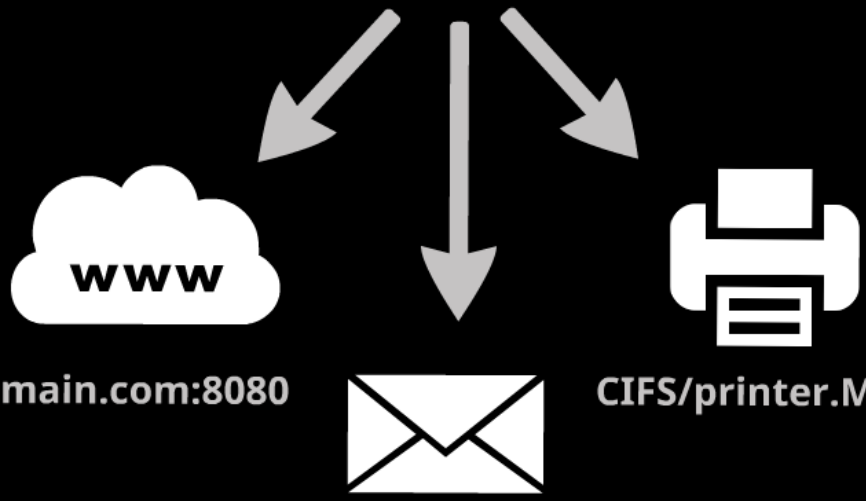
“The S4U2proxy combined with S4U2self allows a service to impersonate any user principal while accessing a second service. This gives any service allowed by the S4U2proxy a degree of power similar to that of the KDC itself. ”

Security Considerations for Implementers
https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc246112.aspx

SERVICE PRINCIPAL NAME

uniquely identifies an instance of a service

<service type>/<host name>:<port number>/<distinguished name>



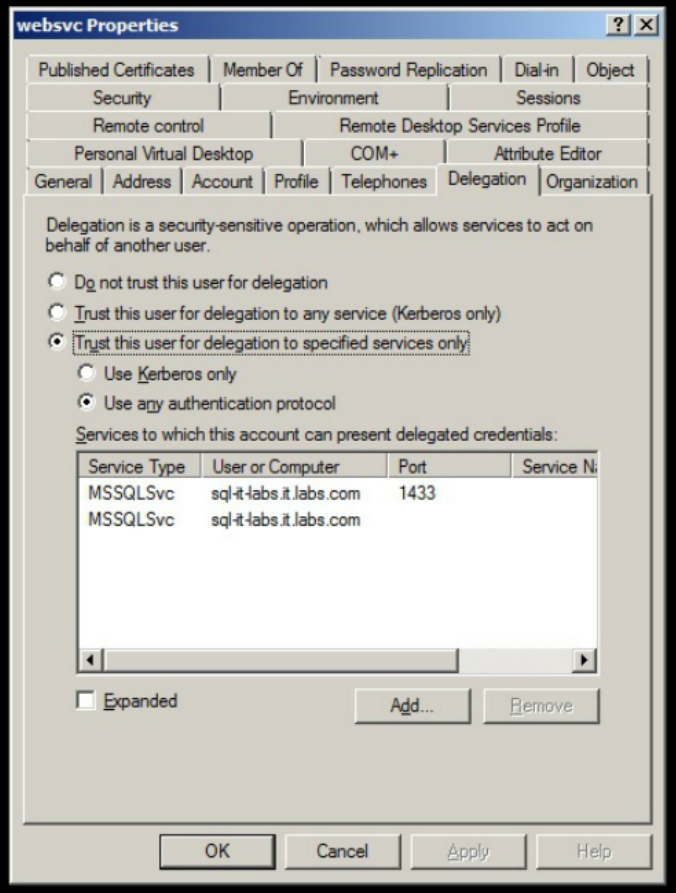
HTTP/MyWeb.MyDomain.com:8080

CIFS/printer.MRROBOT.com

SMTP/mailserver.company.com/COMPANY

DELEGATION ACCOUNTS

- A computer or a user account
- Must be registered with an SPN
- Configured by Domain Administrators
- S4U2Self requires to act as part of the operating system (SeTcbPrivilege)



Unconstrained Delegation

TRUSTED_FOR_DELEGATION
(0x80000)

Constrained Delegation

MsDS-AllowedToDelegateTo
(List of SPNs)

Protocol Transition

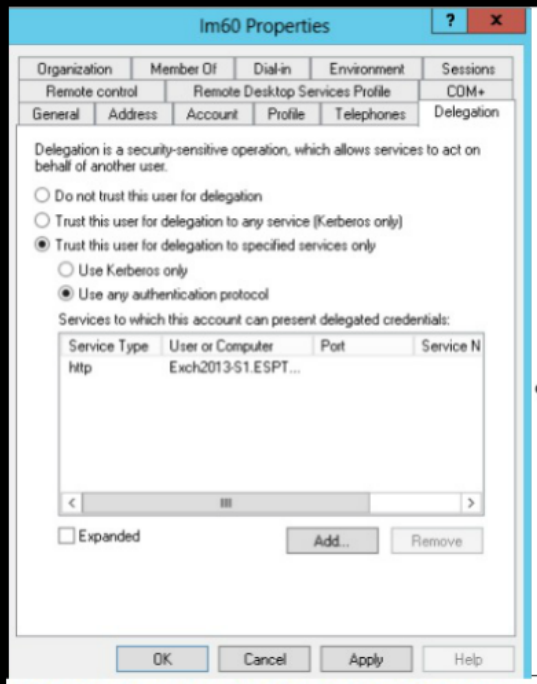
Trusted_To_Authenticate_For_Delegation (0x100000)
&
MsDS-AllowedToDelegateTo
(List of SPNs)

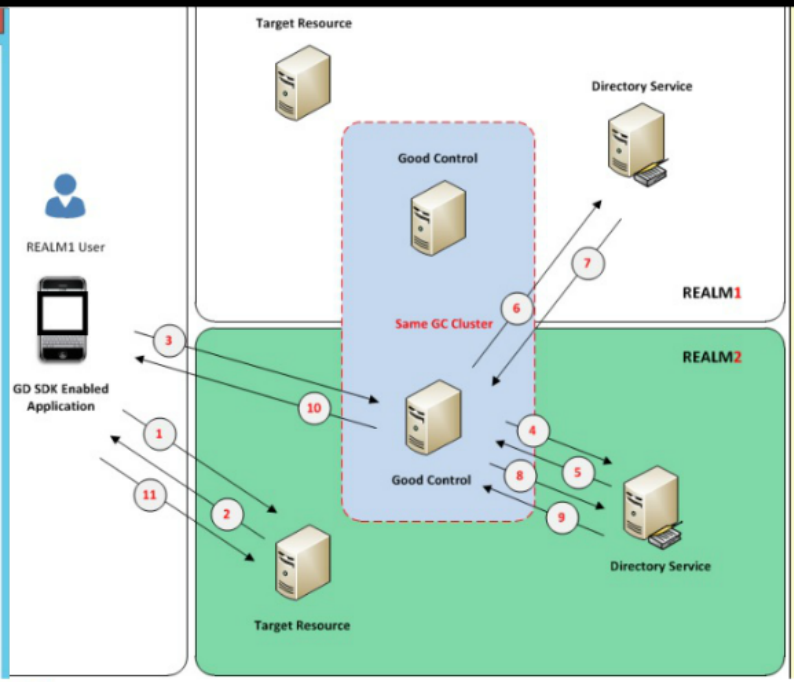
```
PS C:\> $Searcher = New-Object System.DirectoryServices.DirectorySearcher
PS C:\> $Searcher.Filter = "(|(userAccountControl:1.2.840.113556.1.4.803:=524288)(msDS-AllowedToDelegateTo=*))"
PS C:\> $Searcher.FindAll()

Path                                                    Properties
----                                                    ----------
LDAP://CN=DC,OU=Domain Controllers,DC=Mars,DC=local     {ridsetreferences, logoncount, codepage, objectcatego
LDAP://CN=Abraham,CN=Users,DC=Mars,DC=local             {msexchrecipientdisplaytype, givenname, codepage, obj
LDAP://CN=Isaac,CN=Users,DC=Mars,DC=local               {msexchrecipientdisplaytype, givenname, codepage, obj
```

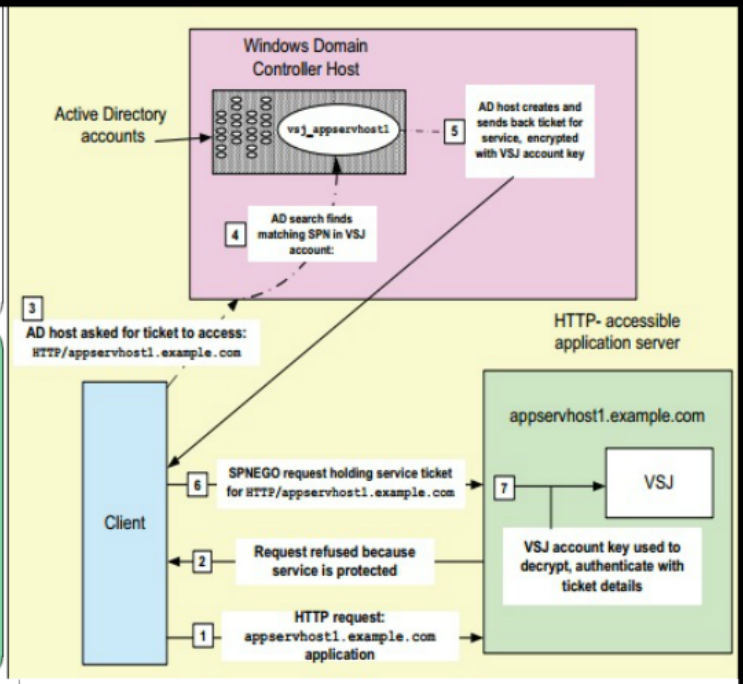
EXPLOITABILITY

Delegation accounts are:

- easily discovered
- exposed by the host service
- often unmanaged
- vulnerable to Kerberoasting
- always logged-on



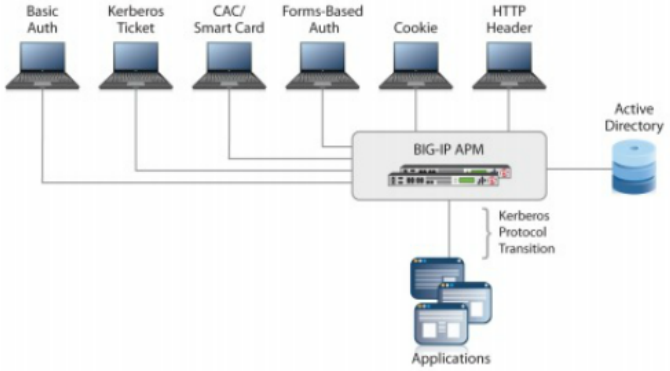




Configuring Trust for the Active Directory user

In this section, you configure the trust for specfic services for the user you created.

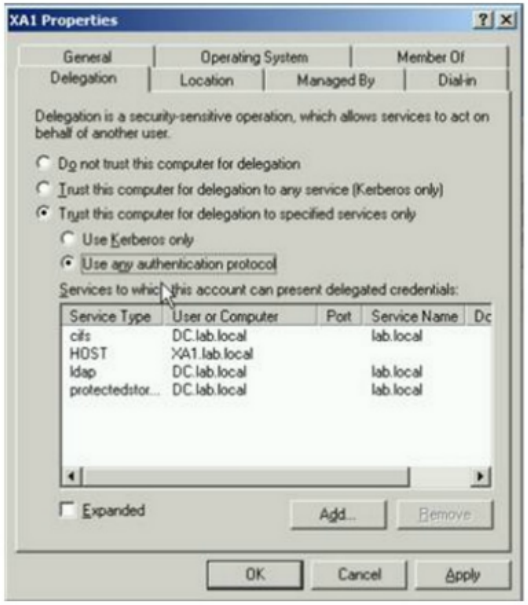
1. From the Windows Domain controller, from the Administrative Tools menu, open **Active Directory Users and Computers**.
2. Right-click the user account you created.
3. Click the Delegation tab.
4. Click **Trust this user for delegation to specified services only**. This enables Kerberos constrained delegation.
5. Under Trust this user for delegation to specified services only, click **Use any authentication protocol**. This enables Kerberos protocol transition on the server-side.
6. In the Services to which this account can present delegated credentials area, click the **Add** button to add services to the list.



How to Set Up Kerberos Constrained Delegation to use Single Sign-On (Password Manager) and Smartcard Authentication from Clients Not Joined to the Domain

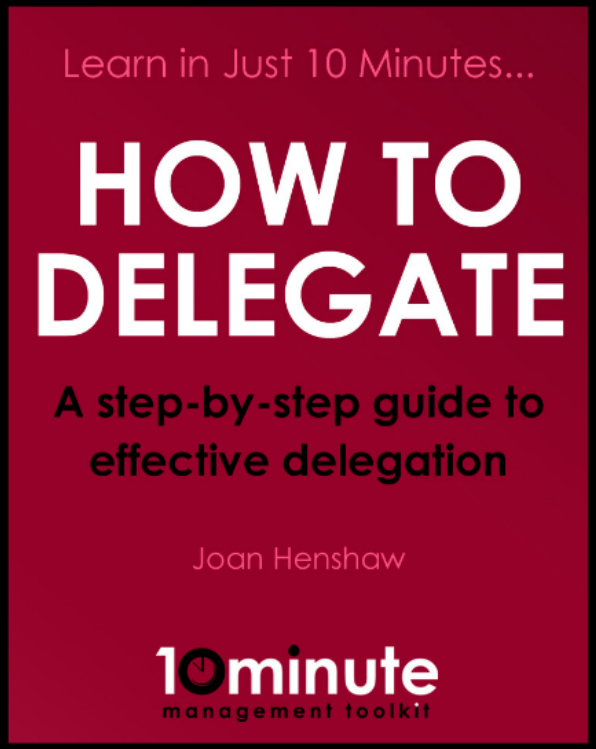
Article | Authentication | 6 found this helpful | Created: 26 Mar 2014 | Modified: 15 Apr 2016 | Languages English

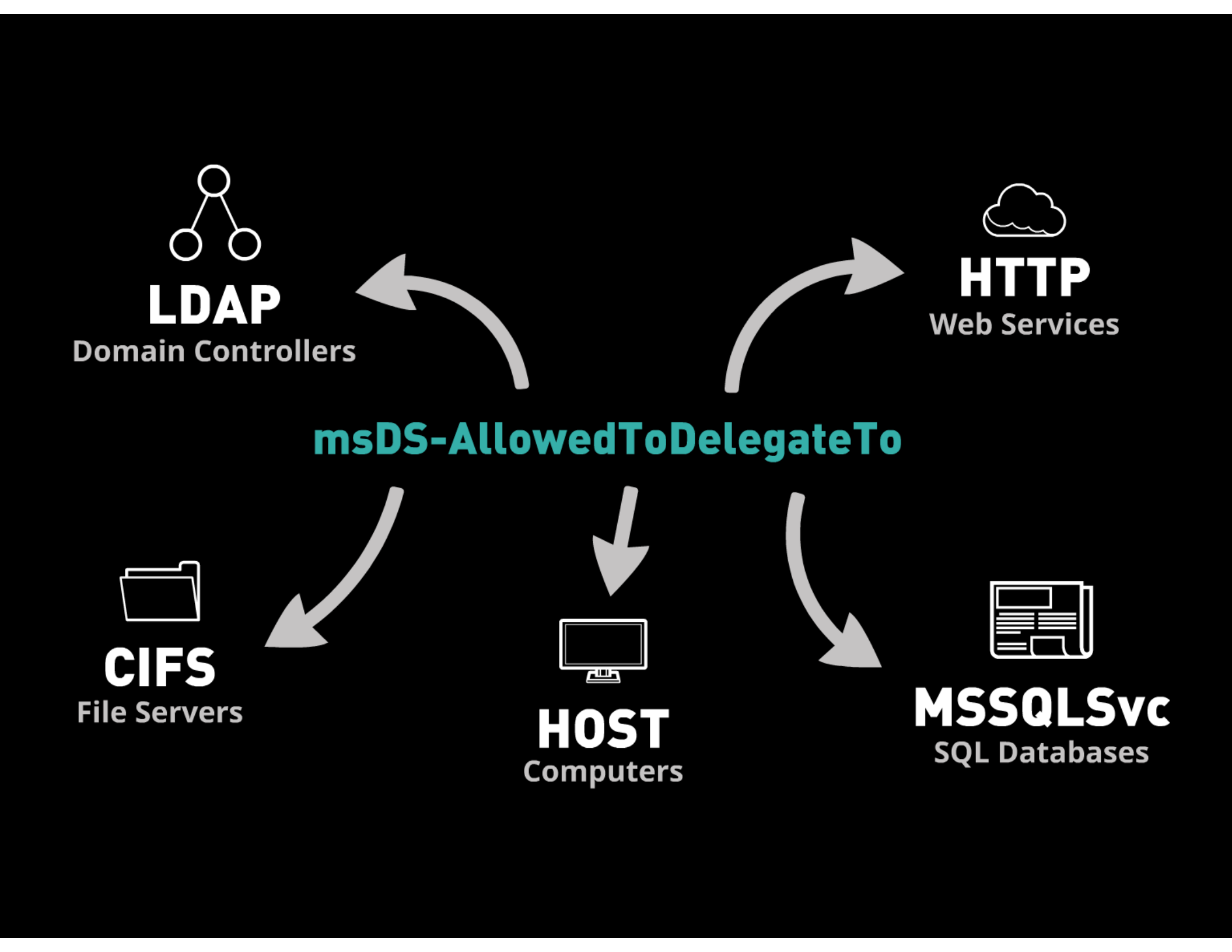
5. Add the following services for the **Domain Controller** and the XenApp servers in the farm



Add each **domain controller** and select the services: **CIFS, LDAP, ProtectedStorage**
Add each **XenApp server** and select the service: **HOST**

ATTACK SURFACE




LDAP
Domain Controllers
HTTP
Web Services
msDS-AllowedToDelegateTo
CIFS
File Servers
HOST
Computers
MSSQLSvc
SQL Databases


ATTACK VECTORS
LIGHTYEAR
ATTACK VECTORS EVERYWHERE
imgflip.com

Credential Theft

DCSync

Remote Execution

xp_cmdshell, Invoke-Command, HOST

Privilege Escalation

Arbitrary impersonations

Data Exfiltration

Applications, file shares and databases

THE FLOW

Hunt accounts trusted for delegation

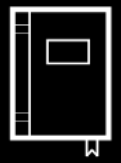
Impersonate another user

Abuse the allowed services

MYSTIQUE

PowerShell tool to play with S4U

Find accounts trusted for delegation



Read delegation flags and attributes

Impersonate arbitrary users

https://github.com/machosec/Mystique


DELEGATE
ALL THE THINGS
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“If I have seen further, it is by standing on the shoulders of giants."

Isaac Newton

THE TWIST

SPNs are not validated!

Services validate a service ticket by ensuring it is being encrypted with the secret-key

Service account password hash

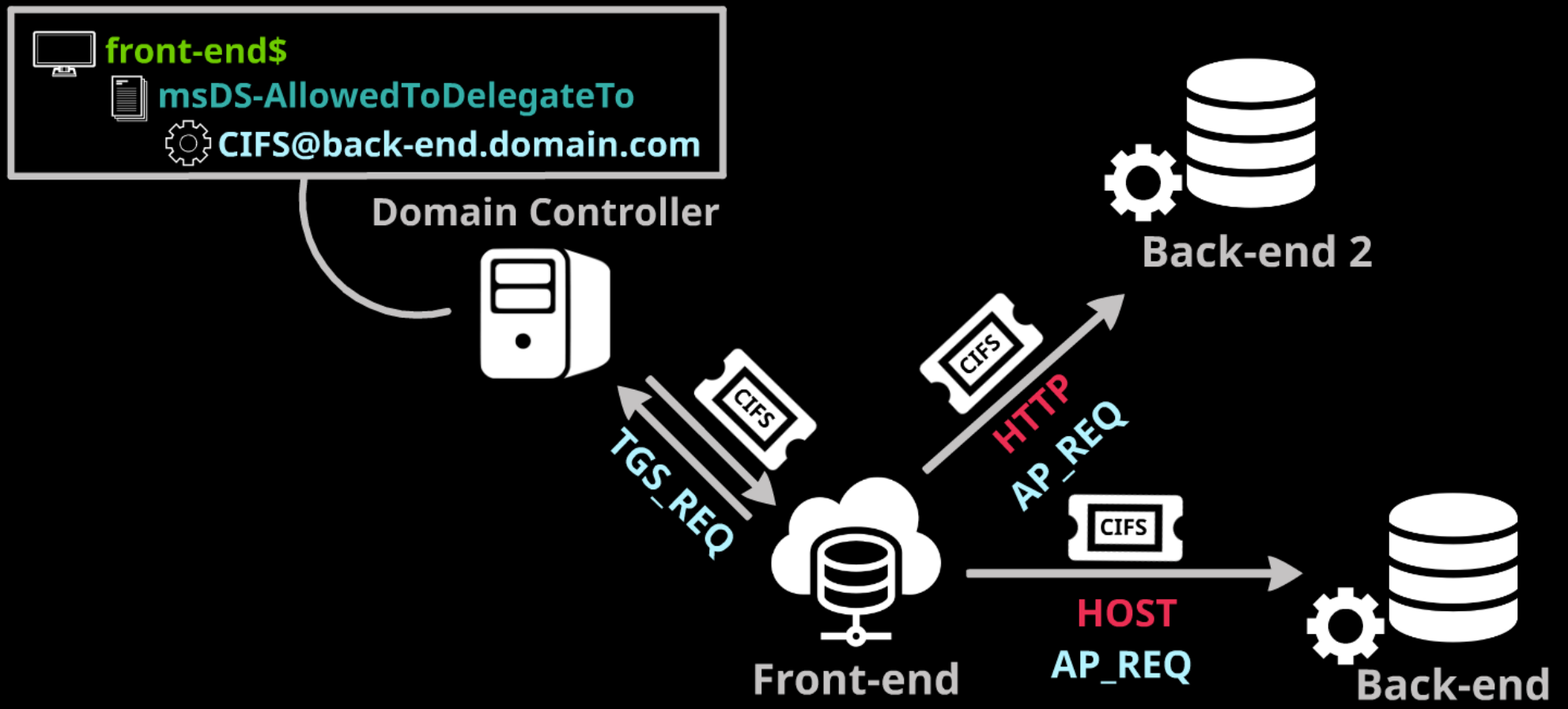
Tickets are fully interchangeable if they share the same secret

SPNs associated to the same account

Accounts with the same password hash

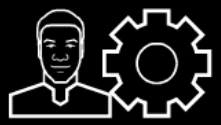
registered with many SPNs

Use RC4 encryption


front-end$
msDS-AllowedToDelegateTo
CIFS@back-end.domain.com
Domain Controller
Back-end 2
CIFS
TGS_REQ
CIFS
HTTP
AP_REQ
Front-end
CIFS
HOST
AP_REQ
Back-end

RESOURCE-BASED CONSTRAINED DELEGATION

Introducing msDS-AllowedToActOnBehalfOfOtherIdentity



Limit access per account rather than SPN

Returns some control to the back-end administrator

Support Delegation across domains and forests

Requires Server 2012 on front-end and DCs


NOT SURE IF GOOD THING
OR VERY BAD THING
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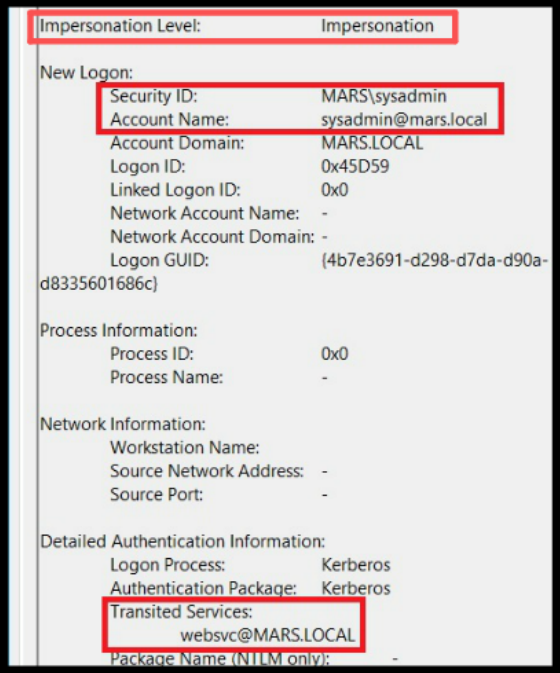
DEFENSE

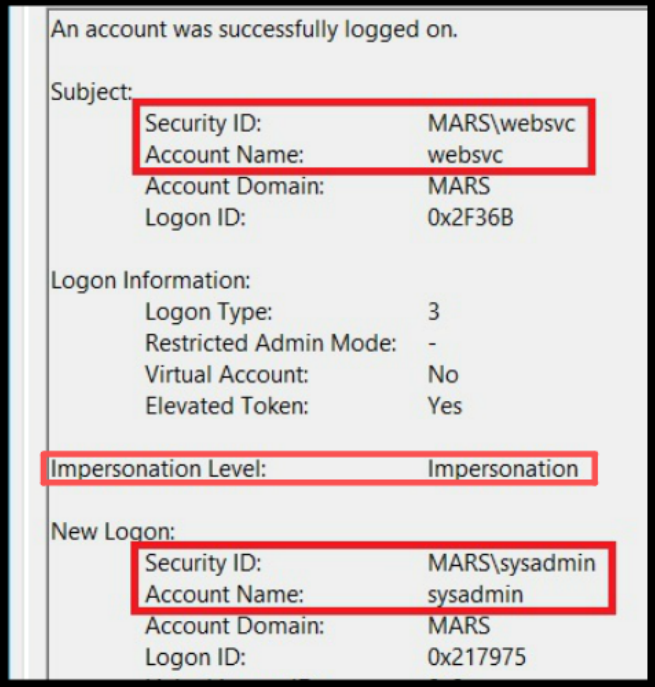
DETECTION

Event log 4624 on Windows 8/2012+

Front-end

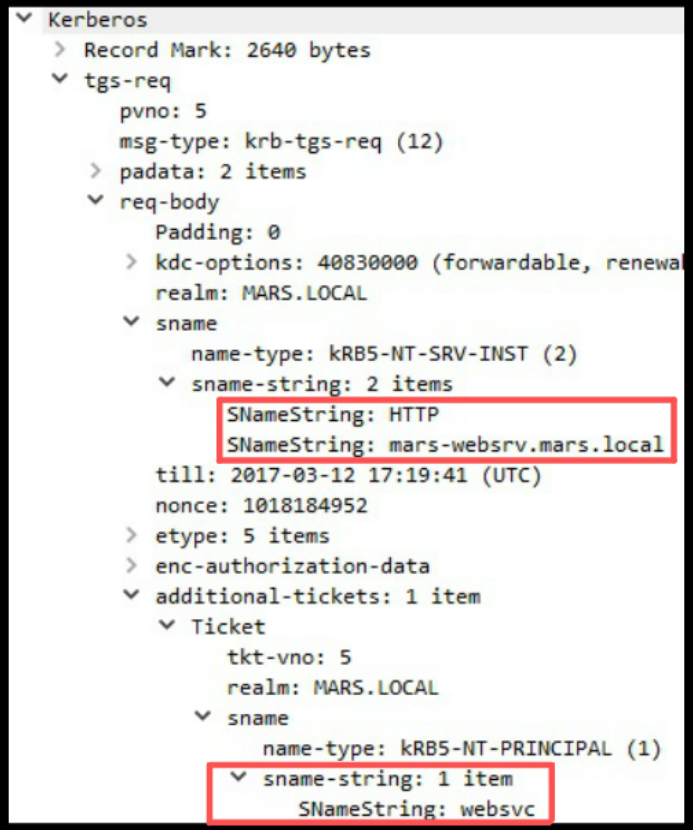


Back-end

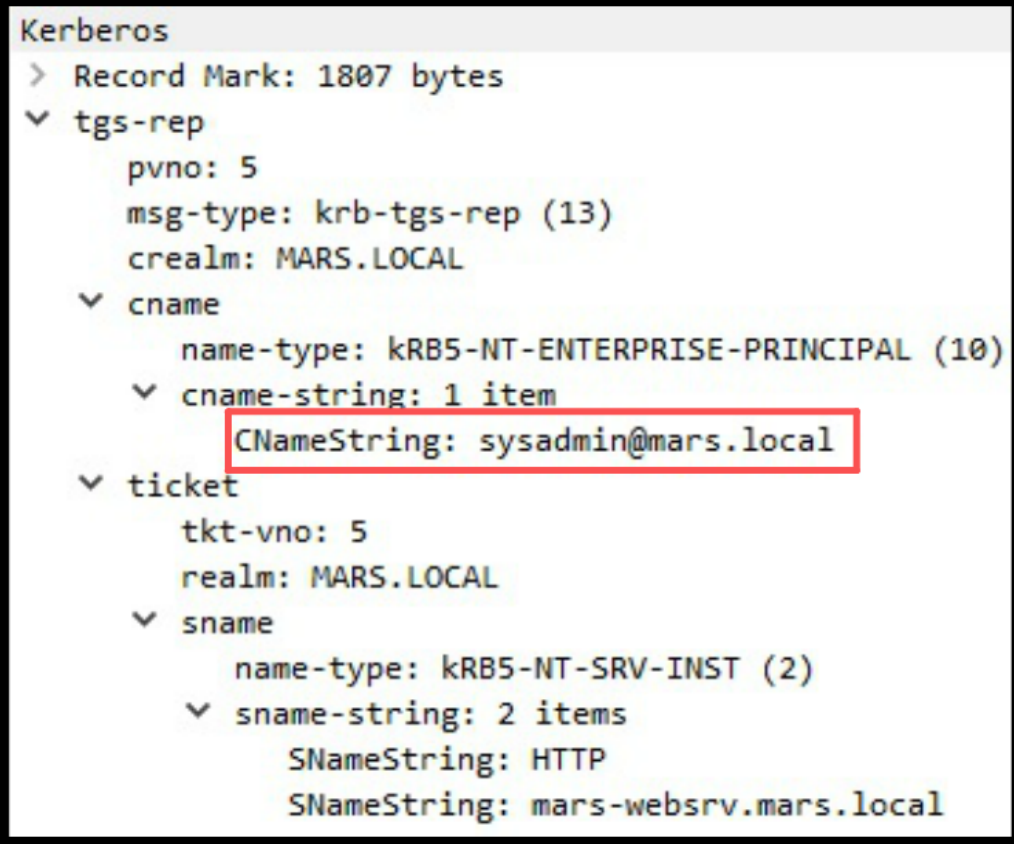


S4U2Proxy network traffic correlation

TGS_REQ



TGS_REP



MITIGATION

Configure sevices with a dedicated service account

Avoid dual-use or using computer accounts

Ensure password rotation and complexity

Set unique SPNs to be allowed for delegation

Do not delegate to built-in SPNs

Specify specific port numbers

Other options to consider..

Set privileged accounts as "account is sensitive and cannot be delegated"

Restrict access per account instead of SPNs (Server 2012)

Enforce forest boundary in unconstrained delegation (2012R2)

SOUND BYTES

Kerberos delegation can be easily abused for privilege escalation and remote execution

Services and service accounts can introduce more risk than you think

Hardening delegation rights is tough - but possible

QUESTIONS?

THANKS!

- CyberArk
- MSRC
- Benjamin Delpy (@gentilkiwi)
- Alberto Solino (@agsolino)
- To all of you for taking delegation seriously

Let's talk!

@machosec

me@matanhart.com

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